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When Black Death was rampant through the Middle Ages cities, no one knew exactly how or why terrible disease spread. After many generations, we realized that rat fleas and bacteria were to blame. It was a moment of spread for the power of science. After that, science continues to investigate difficult and confusing questions every day. And yet, even with bright minds converging through a global computer network, we still do not have all the answers. In fact, some people might argue that we are only now learning to ask the really big questions. What happens after death? How has so much life appeared on our planet when others seem devoid of species? Who, if anyone, pulls the ropes of our universe? Is it an almighty god in control or are there physical and mathematical principles that guide the engine of our existence? Sometimes, after centuries of missteps, we humans finally stumble into real answers to real questions, such as why diseases spread. Other times, we let ourselves be grasped in the darkness of our ignorance and we wonder what it really means. In some cases, these questions are so difficult that even children of our children probably still struggle for answers. But humanity will continue to try. During your last adventures with your eyes closed, you cut your head from a six-legged rabbit while wearing a neon pink hood and screaming "Gesundheit!" at the top of the lungs. You're not sure that that dream means something, unless it's that maybe you've consumed too many hallucinogenics during college, or just eaten some bad carrots yesterday. Scientists and sleep experts know when people normally dream. Typically, dreamed during rapid-eye movement (REM) portion of the sleep cycle. You can see when a person (or even your cat or dog) is experiencing REM sleep because their eyes zip to and fro and their bodies can twitch and masturbate, too. The electrical models of the brain are very active at this stage, just like when you are awake. But researchers don't know why you dream. It can be a way to reflect or release everyday stress, or even an unconscious way to help you discover challenging experiences. It could be a way your mind protects itself from threats and dangers. It could be a biochemical way for the brain to sort, file or store short or long-term information. Maybe dreams are a way to reconcile your past and current experiences to prepare and steel for the future. Regardless of their purpose, dreams are an cornerstone of human experience. They entertain us and persecute us and serve as a reminder that our inner world is just as deep and strange as the outside world around us. Cancer is a common terrorEvery year, more than half a million people die from various tumors in the United States alone. The familiarity of him, however, does not make it less scary. Cancer takes many forms and affects many parts of the body, but the badge sign of these diseases is Mobile replication. Tumors expand and spread, ruin bodies and cause death. Growth occurs due to DNA damage. The DNA, of course, provides instructions for all body functions, including cell growth. This damage can occur due to certain factors of life, such as sun exposure, tobacco smoke or exposure to carcinogenic chemicals. With some estimates, more than a third of tumors could be avoided by avoiding carcinogenic habits. However, life choices are only part of the equation. Other factors also play a role. Many people inherit the defective DNA from their parents and have a predisposition for the development of some types of cancer, although they live a totally healthy life. The Miriad variables and the unique genetic makeup of human beings make it doubt that some scientists will never care for every type of cancer. There are only too many environmental assaults and body malfunctions minutes for any magical bullet to attack. The good news is that our perspective and treatment for tumors is evolving. Every year, we understand new aspects of the disease. Therapies continue to improve, reduce suffering and add the quality of life. So even if we will never be able to completely defeat cancer, we will continue to beat it, making our life better, and less terrifying diagnostics. Everyone on the planet would like a better idea of what happens to them after their death. And hey, there are billions of people who already know the answer to this question. Unfortunately, they can't tell us because, well, they are all dead. The subject of the aldiã à € "or his lack à € " is one of the oldest issues that worry humanity. We all pass to eternal bliss? The evil among us will cursed hell boxes? Our conscience will only vanish once our bodies have expired? Or will we all be reincarnated as angry hippos or soft cats? Scientists understand the initial phases of death. They know how the human body starts to go out. How to store employees running lights to a megastore after closing hours, body cells start to flash, one by one, until your heart and brain cease your business. What happens after your brain clicks out, though, it's still a complete mystery. Many people who have crossed death experiences and then return to life speak of tunnels of light or flashback to life events or conversations with loved ones who died. All these experiences could have biological origins, perhaps stimulated by the lack of oxygen or from wild biochemical fluctuations. Among the many questions we face on our existence, this is one that will never be able to be resolved. Instead, we will all be desired to ask ourselves, looking for a sort of in death. Some might think that we are the only forms of intelligent life in the universe. If so, the universe is unimaginably alone. Other researchers say that Earth is not the only headquarters for life: there could be 40 billion inhabited planets only in galaxy. It's a huge potential for alien life. There are some requirements for life to rise. Not only does a planet need the right mix of elements and conditions, there must also be a spark that gives rise to living creatures. So, of course, those creatures must somehow evolve into beings with intelligence. Even to modern human science, the simplest forms of life on our planet are still an extremely complex stew of chemical reactions and cells. We do not really understand how they emerge, evolve and survive in an incredibly diverse range of environmental conditions. This makes it much more complicated to find, identify and communicate with alien beings. Despite these challenges, NASA researchers think we can find traces of life in the next two decades. The most powerful telescopes could be a key to finding him. Or it could be that life here is just a statistical aberration, a weirder type accident. Perhaps this strange swamp of a planet is really a jewel of the universe, not duplicated and unlike any other place, anywhere. Yet we know that water and gases and similar elements exist on many other planets. If we continue to search and find a waste of evidence, such as fossilized remains or tiny bacteria, it seems more likely that somewhere through the stars that another species is also looking at the skies and pondering potential neighbors somewhere in the universe, too. We humans have an awareness of our environment and ourselves. Our team minds with inner conversations and questions about who we are and our purpose in the world. We are, as far as we know, the only creatures with this kind of active consciousness. We have no idea where this consciousness comes from. Our brains, of course, are the central computers of our bodies, control biological functions and help us think our way through all the loops and obstacles of life. Brain scans show how active our brains are, flickering with constant activity like our 100 billion-of-focus nerve cells incessantly, like a compact yet enormously complex digital network. But the brain is not the mind. Electrical activity does not explain how a physical substance can create a non-physical condition like consciousness. Some religions explain consciousness as a gift of God, embedded in our bodies to guide us through this world. Scientists turn more to biological origins: they see consciousness as a collection of biological processes that develop towards a more complicated thought that eventually culminates in self-awareness. Scientists have determined that animals, like dogs, have almost certainly consciousness, but that is a lower (or different) level of awareness than thathuman beings. The earth houses a dazzling science of creatures and plants. The pink flamingos fill the heavens, the elephants canicize through the savannas, and the fruits and the strange ferns hide in Crevase everywhere. We will never know how many different species our ours ours There's too many. But this does not prevent scientists from trying to determine that elusive number. Carl Carl Linnaeus realized two and a half centuries ago that humans needed a system to track the species of our planet. He began to classify both plants and animals using a taxonomic language that he named, classified and classified creatures and plants. After generations of work, from some estimates that we still accounted for only 1.5 million species, or about 15% of the total number. This means that most organisms still need a proper description. This is especially true for undervalued and underrated species as mushrooms, of which we named, classified and classified only 10%. On the contrary, we did a great job with our mammals, most of which are already registered. All numbers are simply statistical hypotheses, so we may never know if they are accurate. Perhaps the biggest concern is that species seem to disappear a tariff faster than at any time since dinosaurs fade 65 million years ago. After all, if the creatures are disappearing mass, we humans may be next. The human reality is a slippery concept. Whoever wakes up from a vivid nightmare knows what it's like to feel stuck somewhere between a memory and a dream. Those experiences lend credit to the idea that there are limitations to our senses. Perhaps our eyes, ears and sense of smell do not really tell the whole story of reality all around us. Things and people in our lives are simply illusions. How do we know that any of these objects and creatures actually exist? Perhaps they are constructs of our internal mechanisms, generated by our subconscious for unknown purposes. The universe could be a hologram, a computer creation of "Matrix" style intended to trap our minds and enslave us for a nefarious purpose. Sciens and physics are not sure that we will understand the nature of reality. The deepest we deepen in physics, the stranger has become the mechanics of our universe. We continue to discover new particles and fundamental forces, from molecules to atoms, which guide our bodies and our world. It is entirely possible that the universe could be composed of dozens or thousands of dimensions that we will never experience in a direct way. It is unlikely that the scientific hole of the rabbit we have dug. No matter how intelligent our collective species is, reality will always be an abstraction that we can never pin down. Your planet is teeming with trees, herbs, birds and bees. He's also burning with countless bacteria. All this is life, and all that reproduces to keep its genre alive. But how did life begin in the world first? In what a mass of cells moved from an inert collection of organic molecules in a wiggling being and sometimes even intelligent? The short answer is: we don't know exactly how life was born. There is the possibility that the 4 billion years ago, the aliens left some microbes and let them run racing And of course, many religions have supernatural explanations for the origins of life. Imany scientists believe that life is a natural progression for planets that present the necessary ingredients for biology, such as carbon, hydrogen, oxygen and other fundamental building elements. With the right spark – let's say, a lightning à€ "those cornerstones develop slowly in the cell walls and DNA suitable for reproducible life. The researchers are continually performing experiments like this in the laboratories, hoping to enlarge the formula to make Life try as they could, it is a mystery as those pieces of non-living parts have gathered in real living creatures. It could be that we are still ignorant of the characteristics that really define life. Or maybe we're blind to the principles of physics that really make the mark of life. No matter the case, the search for the origins of life will undoubtedly continue for a long time. As a science fiction concept Val, the trip is one of the most captivating. It is difficult not to ask what would be to title again in history to witness a Roman battle in action. Perhaps it is even more intriguing to reflect on what our world would look like if I could just peek 1,000 years in the future. It turns out, the journey of time may not be fiction. It might be that we didn't understand enough how to make it work for us. A possibility is wormholes, which are bridges of a type that could help people move in time and space. If you could violate an opening in a wormhole, you could theoretically immerse it and then end up on the other side of the galaxy in another place and now. We could try to travel at the speed of light, at that point your world slows down Compared to what you leave behind. Our current science states that nothing can move as fast as light, however, and although we could, it could tear our apart.maybe bodies we could orbit huge black holes, which have such an incredible gravitation that really slow down time. Listen from a black hole and your time experience would be hard halved compared to life on earth. If you returned 10 years after your perception, your family would have aged 20 years at that time. Maybe we could use cosmic strings, so-called cracks in the universe, to navigate. These strings (which are also sometimes loops) have so much mass that can actually cause space-time around floating. Manipulation of one of these scenarios could allow us the power to finally realize the journey of time. We can also understand science, however, there are numerous paradoxes that could make the time to travel unsuitable or definitely dangerous. So, for now, traveling in time is still simply thebooks and movies. When you rise in a dark night and look at the unnumbered stars scattered throughout the sky, it is easy to think of the universe as infinite. Or maybe you see those lights like the Glow-in-the-Dark stars on yoursCeiling, only beautiful decorations to see, a high mandate ceiling. In any case, science cannot really tell us if the universe is infinite or finished. With all the rest, the researchers have theories. After analyzing the maps generated by observations made with the spectrographic survey of Baryon Oscillation (Boss), a super powerful telescope in New Mexico, a group determined that the universe has an extremely flat Floorplan. The survey was based on observations of "only" only "1.2 million galaxies, which is a drop in the universal bucket, but it is a strong clue that our universe is not faded. So is that infinite flatness? It is impossible to say. A reigning thought is that the Big Bang is causing the universe to expand constantly faster than the speed of light. As we cannot see beyond the speed of light, we will never really know if there is a Advantage to the universe. We will have to spend our lives by asking for the true nature of the dimensions of the universe. It is a mystery, like many others, this is overwhelming of an appealing charm that attracts our minds but never offers real answers. If You are struggling with how great the universe can be or how life was born on earth, our existence is full of bizarre nature blows that we cannot explain and we can never understand. These questions could difficulty with us and I have follow us Throughout our life - but they are also an essential part of the human experience. It is very uninstalled: 6 April 2016 is easy for modern people to look back to their ancestors with more than a small contempt. Living in caves, really? Where is your dignity, monks? But most of us understand that 100 years now, our grandchildren will look at us with the same kind of slight sympathy, thinking of us as primitive and unaware. The evolution of science and human knowledge has that type of effect. So maybe in 20 or 50 years old, this list of unanswered questions will seem characteristic and NaA © Ve. It is more likely that, however, that at least some these questions are about to resist the test of time. Storiesrelated StoriesBreus, Michael J. "Why dream?" Psychology today, February 13, 2015. (16 October 2015) Fraser. "How did life start?" Universe today, 23 August 2013. (16 October 2015) Adam Estes. "Yes, the journey of time is possible: here's how." Gizmodo, 5 November 2014. (16 October 2015) Paul. "Are we alone in the universe?" New York Times, November 18, 2013. (16 October 2015) Sarah. "We are not alone in the universe, they say NASA scientists." Huffington Post, 15 July 2014. (16 2015) Geoffrey. 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